

Nelson Mandela Test

1. South Africa was first colonized by the _____.
 - A. English
 - B. French
 - C. Dutch
 - D. Spanish
2. One meaning of Mandela's name Rolihlahla was _____.
 - A. troublemaker
 - B. son of Hendry
 - C. power
 - D. spear of the nation
3. When his father died, a _____ adopted him.
 - A. lawyer
 - B. professor
 - C. governor
 - D. minister
4. The letters ANC stand for African _____.
 - A. New Constitution
 - B. National Congress
 - C. New Congress
 - D. National Council
5. The ANC advocated _____.
 - A. military action against the government
 - B. labor laws for African Indians
 - C. education for all blacks
 - D. full citizenship for Africa
6. Nelson and Justice ran away from the regent because he had _____.
 - A. arranged marriages for them
 - B. wouldn't send them to school
 - C. been cruel to them
 - D. ordered them to work for him
7. Apartheid is a _____.
 - A. way of dividing people for taxation
 - B. method of dividing land
 - C. policy of racial segregation
 - D. kind of divorce
8. Africans were forced to leave _____ when whites wanted their property.
 - A. Johannesburg
 - B. Sophiatown
 - C. Cape Town
 - D. Pretoria
9. In the Defiance Campaign volunteers _____.
 - A. refused to go to school
 - B. ran stop signs in their cars
 - C. didn't pay their taxes
 - D. used Whites Only facilities
10. In the trial in 1961 when the ANC was accused of trying to overthrow the government, the judge ruled that _____.
 - A. all the men should be put to death
 - B. they should serve five years in prison
 - C. they were not guilty
 - D. they should receive a life sentence

11. When Mandela went “underground” he _____.

- A. went out only at night and avoided detection
- B. lived in a cave
- C. only rode the subway
- D. survived in tunnels under the city

12. The “safe” house where he stayed was called _____.

- A. Pretoria
- B. Liliesleaf Farm
- C. Robben Island
- D. Pollsmore

13. When thousands of Africans burned their passes _____.

- A. they were issued new ones immediately
- B. they had to leave the country
- C. many of them were killed
- D. they couldn't buy food

14. The militant group that was formed was called _____.

- A. African Nation Combatives
- B. The Black Rebels
- C. Mandela's Army
- D. The Spear of the Nation

15. When Mandela and others were accused of treason the judge _____.

- A. gave them life sentences
- B. ordered the death penalty
- C. set them free
- D. let the jury decide the punishment

16. Robben Island was a _____.

- A. resort
- B. prison
- C. place for hunting
- D. manufacturing site

17. The prisoners worked at the lime quarry for _____.

- A. thirteen years
- B. six months
- C. two years
- D. seven weeks

18. Mandela while in prison wrote his life story _____.

- A. during his lunch hour
- B. in the early morning
- C. right before the evening meal
- D. late at night

19. Mandela was set free _____.

- A. by a judge
- B. after a jury trial
- C. by F.W. de Klerk
- D. by President Botha

20. Nelson Mandela became President of South Africa in the year _____.

- A. 1975
- B. 1994
- C. 1768
- D. 2001